WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION	PUBLISHED !	UNDER THE PATENT COUPLING	WO 91/02578
(51) International Patent Classification 5:	1	(11) International Publication Number: (43) International Publication Date:	7 March 1991 (07.03.91)
B01D 29/48, 29/11		(at) Designated States: AT, AT (Eur	ropean patent), AU, BB, BE
(21) International Application Number:	PCT/GB90/01		patent), CG (OAPI patent), DE*,

14 August 1990 (14.08.90) (22) International Filing Date:

15 August 1989 (15.08.89) (30) Priority data: 8918581.3 (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ENDLESS ENERGY LIMITED [GB/GB]; Endless House, 52/54 Endless Street, Salisbury, Wiltshire SP1 3UH (GB).

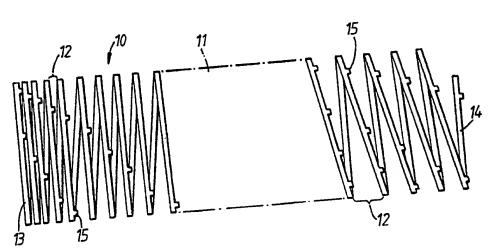
(72) Inventor; and
(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): CHAMBERS, John [GB/GB]; Oak Drive, The Green, Zeals, Warminster, Wiltshire BA12 6NH (GB).

(74) Agents: DUNLOP, Brian, Kenneth, Charles et al.; Wynne-Jones, Laine & James, 22 Rodney Road, Cheitenham, Gloucestershire GL50 IJI (GB).

Designated States: AT, AT (European patent), AU, BB, BE (European patent), BF (OAPI patent), BG, BJ (OAPI patent), BR, CA, CF (OAPI patent), CG (OAPI patent), CH, CH (European patent), CM (OAPI patent), DE*, DE (European patent)*, DK, DK (European patent), ES, ES (European patent), FI, FR (European patent), GA (OAPI patent), GB, GB (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, LU (European patent), MC, MG, ML (OAPI patent), MR (OAPI patent), MW, NL, NL (European patent), NO, RO, SD, SE, SE (European patent), SN (OAPI patent), SU, TD (OAPI patent), TG (OAPI patent), US.

With international search report. **Published**

(54) Title: A FILTER ELEMENT



A filter element generally indicated at (10) comprising a spring (11) whose coils are so formed that the filter gaps (12) pro-(57) Abstract gressively increase in size from one end (13) of the coil to the other end (14). The increase in the size of the gaps is carefully chosgressively increase in size from one end (13) of the coil to the other end (14). The increase in the size of the gaps is carefully chosen so that the available deflection for any coil section, when the spring is vertically orientated, is sufficient to develop an upward force which can support the coils in the spring (11) which extend above that particular coil section. Similar results can be achieved by a support the coils in the spring (11) which extend above that particular coil section. achieved by varying the resilience or stiffness characteristics through the filter element.

DESIGNATIONS OF "DE"

Until further notice, any designation of "DE" in any international application whose international filing date is prior to October 3, 1990, shall have effect in the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany with the exception of the territory of the former German Democratic Republic.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	ES	Spain	MC	Monaco
AU	Australia	FI	Finland	MG	Madagascar
BB	Barbados	FR	France	ML	Mali
BE	Belgium	GA	Gabon	MR	Mauritania
BF	Burking Fasso	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
BG	Bulgaria	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BJ	Benin	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BR	Brazil	17	Italy	PL	Poland
CA	Canada	JP	Japan	RO	Romania
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KR	Republic of Korea	SN	Senegal
CM	Cameroon	LJ	Liechtenstein	SU	Soviet Union
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
DK	Denmark	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
				US	United States of America

WO 91/02578 PCT/GB90/01274

- 1 -

A Filter Element

5

10

15

20

This invention relates to filter elements.

There have been a number of proposals over the years for filter elements configured as springs. One of the attractions of such elements is that they can be extended on backwash to allow an increase in the filter gaps and hence easy release of trapped material. Such elements work extremely well when disposed with their longitudinal axis generally horizontal, but problems arise when it is desirable to use the springs in a generally vertical orientation, because the weight of the upper part of the spring tends to prevent the lower part of the spring opening.

It is not possible to overcome this problem simply by making the spring stiffer, because then it will not readily close to and maintain design filter gaps during normal flow.

The present invention consists in a filter element comprising a spring defining filter gaps between adjacent coil sections, the spacing between the coil sections increasing progressively, when viewed not under load, from one end to the other such that when the spring is orientated vertically with the one end above the other the spacing between

5

10

15

20

25

any pair of adjacent coil sections is sufficient to allow that part of the spring to support the weight of the coils above.

Thus put another way the invention consists in a spring being so manufactured that each coil can support the coils above it. From a manufacturing point of view clearly the spacing arrangement set out above is the most easily achieved, but the invention includes, for example, manufacturing different sections of the filter element from materials with different stiffness and resilience characteristics.

In a preferred form of the invention the spacing between any pair of adjacent coils is such that the pair of coils develops an overall upward force on the coils above. This force arises because the spacing determines the degree of deflection of the coil sections which can occur before it locks up on the coil sections below and the extent of deflection determines the upward force.

When the spring is arranged vertically the gaps between the coil sections are preferably substantially equal along a length of the spring and the coil sections preferably have longitudinally directed projections for defining a minimum gap.

15

20

25

Although the invention has been defined above it is to be understood that it includes any inventive combination of the features set out above or in the following description.

The invention may be performed in various ways and a specific embodiment will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 is a side view of a spring in a horizontal orientation;

Figure 2 is an end view of the spring; and
Figure 3 is a detailed cross-section of
one side of the filter element in a vertical
orientation.

indicated at 10 comprises a spring 11 whose coils are so formed that the filter gaps 12 progressively increase in size from one end 13 of the coil to the other end 14. The increase in the size of the gaps is carefully chosen so that the available deflection for any coil section, when the spring is vertically orientated, is sufficient to develop an upward force which can support the coils in the spring 11 which extend above that particular coil section. Ideally each coil section develops just over the necessary

5

10

force so that the spring is "lively".

With a careful selection of spacing the filter element 10 can be constructed so that when arranged vertically the gaps 12 are substantially equal along the length of the spring 11; the minimum gap being defined by projections 15.

When the filter element 10 is extended on backwash the spring 11 will open substantially equally along its length, because the construction of the spring overcomes the effect of the coil weight.

WO 91/02578 PCT/GB90/01274

- 5 -

CLAIMS

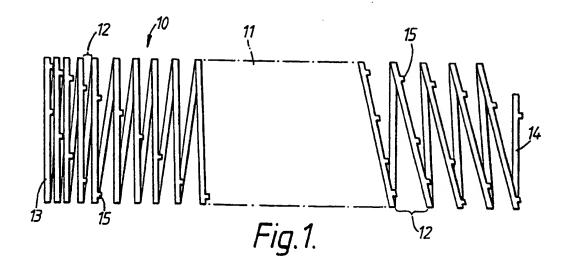
- 1. A filter element comprising a spring configured such that, when orientated vertically in at least one sense, each coil in the spring can support the coils above it.
- 5 2. An element as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the stiffness and/or resilience of the coils changes progressively along the length of the coil.
- 3. An element as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2 wherein the spacing between the coil when not under load 10 changes progressively along the length of the coil.
- 4. A filter element comprising a spring defining filter gaps between adjacent coil sections, the spacing between the coil sections increasing progressively, when viewed not under load, from one end to the other such that when the spring is orientated vertically with one end above the other the spacing between any pair of adjacent coil sections is sufficient to allow that part of the spring to support the weight of the coils above.
- 5. An element as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein any coil or coil section developes an overall upward force on the coils above.

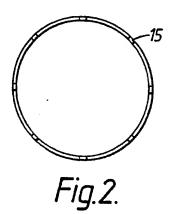
25

6. An element as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the gaps between the coils or coil section are substantially equal along the length of the spring, when the spring is arranged vertically.

- 7. An element as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the coil sections have longitudinally directed projections for defining a miminum gap.
- 8. A filter element substantially as hereinbefore 5 described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

1/1





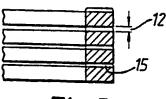


Fig.3.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

	INTERNATIONAL SI	PCT	/GB 90/01274
		International Application No	
	IFICATI N OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both Nation		
_ `			
IPC ⁵ :	B 01 D 29/48, B 01 D 29/	11	
II. FIELDS	S SEARCHED		
	Minimum Documenta		
Classification	on System (Ci	assification Symbols	
IPC ⁵	B 01 D 29/		
	Documentation Searched other that to the Extent that such Documents a		
III. DOCL	IMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of Document, 11 with Indication, where appro	priate, of the relevant passages 12	Relevant to Claim No. 13
х	EP, A, 0262398 (BOLL & KIRO 6 April 1988 see column 6, lines 2	•	1,5,6,7
	1 400 607 645		i
A	GB, A, 556012 (SCOTT MOTO) 16 September 1943 see pages 1-3	RS)	1-8
			1
A	FR, A, 919340 (R.E. SAINT 5 March 1947 see pages 1-3	-ANDRÉ)	1-8
	i		
İ			
*Special categories of cited documents: 10 "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filling date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) """ "Izter document published after to repriority date and not in conflicted to understand the principle invention """ document of particular relevant cannot be considered novel or involve an inventive step """ document of particular relevant citation or other special reason (as specified)			lict with the application but le or theory underlying the nce; the claimed invention r cannot be considered to
ot "P" de	ocument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ther means ocument published prior to the international filing date but ter than the priority date claimed	document is combined with on ments, such combination being in the art. "4" document member of the same	e or more other such docu- obvious to a person skilled
IV. CER	TIFICATION		
Date of t	the Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International 5	
	26th November 1990	1 8. 1.	2. 90
Internati	onal Searching Authority	Signature of Authorized Officer	
1	EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	MINISTER OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Weinberg

ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.

GB 9001274

SA 39688

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on 07/12/90

The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A- 0262398	06-04-88	DE-A- 3631399 JP-A- 63077509 US-A- 4804481	17-03-88 07-04-88 14-02-89
GB-A- 556012		None	
FR-A- 919340		None	
			•
	•		
•	•		